



# 050-342

## PRODUCT BRIEF

100 MBPS-2.5 GBPS

PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD (PCB) MOUNT CWDM TRANSCEIVER

CWDM DFB TRANSMITTER, PIN TIA RECEIVER

SMALL & COMPACT WITH RUGGED CONSTRUCTION FOR  
HARSH ENVIRONMENTS

REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
2	Preliminary	06/05/2015	SZ
3	Updated description on Pin Assignment Table	01/04/2016	SZ
4	Add ECCN	05/26/2016	RAS
5	Change PRBS Specification to 2 <sup>7</sup> -1	10/12/2016	SZ/GC
6	Edit Bag and Tag Labeling	12/09/2016	RAS/GC
7	Remove incorrect reference to ATMEL AT240C01A, added optional I2C addressing	02/27/2017	RAS/GC
8	Remove Fibrechannel 4x compatibility	05/25/2017	RAS/GC
9	Added 1470nm-1590nm wavelength options	01/16/2020	JLL/RAS/SZ

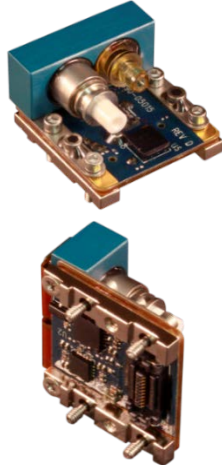
BF14U2-7542

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**PCB Mount CWDM Transceiver**  
**100 Mbps – 2.5 Gbps, SMF, 3.3V**



**PCB Mount Fiber Optic CWDM Transceiver, 100M-2.5Gbps, SMF, 3.3V**



Glenair 050-342, is a ruggedized harsh environment PCB mount Transceiver with electrical and optical functionality equivalent to SFP transceivers but with mechanical design that is suited to the harsh temperature and vibration environments found in the Military, Aerospace, Railway, Oil and Gas, and Industrial applications. The PCB mount optical transceivers also support Digital Monitoring Interface (DMI) features in accordance with SFF 8472. The Transceiver is comprised of a transmitter section and a receiver section that resides on a common package and interface with a host board through a high speed electrical connector.

The transmitter section consists of a CWDM DFB Transmitter Optical Subassembly (TOSA) and laser driver. The TOSA is driven by a laser driver, which converts differential CML logic signals into an analog laser diode drive current. This laser driver circuit requires DC balanced input signals to operate properly (examples of balanced signals would include 4B/5B or 8B10B encoding)

The receiver section consists of a Receiver Optical Subassembly (ROSA) and limiting amplifier to provide quantized CML output signals.

**KEY FEATURES/BENEFITS**

- SFP Compatible Electrical I/O signal levels
- CWDM DFB lasers to support up to 2.5 Gbps
- PIN PD to support high sensitivity up to 4.25 Gbps
- Industry standard CML input and outputs that make for simple integration on customer host PCB
- Glenair Rugged GC Optical connector
- Transceiver is securely mounted with screws to PCB to ensure excellent shock and vibration performance
- High-Speed Electrical plug-in connector eliminates the need for soldering & enables ease of servicing
- Compact Size: Approx. 0.8" x 0.9" x 0.5"

- -40°C to +85°C Operating Case Temperature
- Glenair fiber jumpers connect from transceiver to any Glenair Mil/Aero Fiber Optic Connector Style
- Evaluation fixtures available
- Digital Diagnostic and Monitoring (DMI) based on SFF-8472

**APPLICATIONS**

- Harsh Environment such as: Airborne, Tactical, Railway, Industrial, Oil and Gas and Shipboard applications
  - Ethernet, Fibrechannel 1x, 2x, sFPDP

**HOW TO ORDER Table 1 Part Number Development Options**

Part Number	Two Wire Address	Wavelengths		Temperature**	Screw Length** (Mod Code)
050-342	Blank = A2h	-1D-1270 = 1270nm	-1D-1430 = 1430nm	Blank = Standard	Blank = Standard  -954-xxx = IAW Mod Code 954
PCB Mount CWDM Transceiver, SMF, 0.1-2.5 Gbps	Other Options: C0, C2, C4, C6, C8, CA, CC, CE, D0, D2, D4, D6, D8, DA, DC, DE	-1D-1290 = 1290nm	-1D-1450 = 1450nm		
		-1D-1310 = 1310nm	-1D-1470 = 1470nm		
		-1D-1330 = 1330nm	-1D-1490 = 1490nm		
		-1D-1350 = 1350nm	-1D-1510 = 1510nm		
		-1D-1370 = 1370nm	-1D-1530 = 1530nm		
		-1D-1390 = 1390nm	-1D-1550 = 1550nm		
		-1D-1410 = 1410nm	-1D-1570 = 1570nm		
			-1D-1590 = 1590nm		

Example: **050-342C0-1D-1270**

PCB Mount CWDM Transceiver, SMF, 1270nm, Two Wire Address = C0h, Data Rate = 100 Mbps – 2.5 Gbps, Standard Temperature Range, Standard Screw Length

\*\*Temperature and Screw Length Mod Codes will not be added onto Digital Memory ID (See Table 9)

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**Ratings and Specifications**

**TABLE 2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
Storage Temperature	T <sub>s</sub>	-55		+100	°C	
Supply Voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	-0.4		3.8	V	V <sub>ccT</sub> & V <sub>ccR</sub> may not differ by more than 0.5V

**TABLE 3 OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
Operating Temperature	T <sub>op</sub>	-40		+85	°C	
Supply Voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	
Supply Current	I <sub>cc</sub>		210	250	mA	Typical @ +85°C
Power Supply Noise (Peak-Peak)	V <sub>cc_ripple</sub>			100	mV	

**TABLE 4 ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS – TRANSMITTER**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
Optical Output Power	P <sub>OUT</sub>	-2	1.5	+3.5	dBm	
Extinction Ratio, 1.25Gbps	E <sub>r</sub>	7	10		dB	Exceeds OMA for GbE, 1FC
Extinction Ratio, 2.5Gbps	E <sub>r</sub>	6				Exceeds OMA for 2FC
Optical Wavelength, 1270	λ <sub>OUT</sub>	1261	1270	1278.5	nm	
Optical Wavelength, 1290	λ <sub>OUT</sub>	1281	1290	1298.5	nm	
Optical Wavelength, 1310	λ <sub>OUT</sub>	1301	1310	1318.5	nm	
Optical Wavelength, 1330	λ <sub>OUT</sub>	1321	1330	1338.5	nm	
Optical Wavelength, 1350	λ <sub>OUT</sub>	1341	1350	1358.5	nm	
Optical Wavelength, 1370	λ <sub>OUT</sub>	1361	1370	1378.5	nm	
Optical Wavelength, 1399	λ <sub>OUT</sub>	1381	1390	1398.5	nm	
Optical Wavelength, 1410	λ <sub>OUT</sub>	1401	1410	1418.5	nm	
Optical Wavelength, 1430	λ <sub>OUT</sub>	1421	1430	1438.5	nm	
Optical Wavelength, 1450	λ <sub>OUT</sub>	1441	1450	1458.5	nm	
Optical Wavelength, 1470	λ <sub>OUT</sub>	1461	1470	1478.5	nm	
Optical Wavelength, 1490	λ <sub>OUT</sub>	1481	1490	1498.5	nm	
Optical Wavelength, 1510	λ <sub>OUT</sub>	1501	1510	1518.5	nm	
Optical Wavelength, 1530	λ <sub>OUT</sub>	1521	1530	1538.5	nm	
Optical Wavelength, 1550	λ <sub>OUT</sub>	1541	1550	1558.5	nm	
Optical Wavelength, 1570	λ <sub>OUT</sub>	1561	1570	1578.5	nm	
Optical Wavelength, 1590	λ <sub>OUT</sub>	1581	1590	1598.5	nm	

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**Ratings and Specifications (continued)**

**TABLE 4 ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS – TRANSMITTER (CONTINUED)**

Spectral Width, rms	$\Delta\lambda$			1	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN			-117	dB/Hz	
Transmitter Differential Input Impedance	R <sub>in</sub>		100		Ohms	AC coupled Internally
Differential Input Voltage	V <sub>in_d</sub>	250		2200	mV <sub>pp</sub>	CML, 100 ohm

**TABLE 5 ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS - RECEIVER**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
Sensitivity, BER 10 <sup>-12</sup> , PRBS 2 <sup>7</sup> -1, Er 10 dB	P <sub>IN</sub>		-23	-20	dBm	PIN PD @ 1.25 Gbps
Sensitivity, BER 10 <sup>-12</sup> , PRBS 2 <sup>7</sup> -1, Er 10 dB	P <sub>IN</sub>		-22	-19	dBm	PIN PD @ 2.5 Gbps
Overload, BER 10 <sup>-12</sup> , PRBS 2 <sup>7</sup> -1	P <sub>IN</sub>	-1			dBm	@1.25Gbps or @ 2.5 Gbps
Optical Wavelength	$\lambda_{IN}$	1260		1600	nm	
Receiver Differential Output Impedance	R <sub>out</sub>		100		Ohms	AC coupled internally
Differential Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>out_d</sub>	600		1200	mV <sub>pp</sub>	CML, 100 ohm
LOS Assert Level	LOS		-25	-23	dBm	@ 1.25Gbps
LOS Hysteresis	LOS <sub>HYS</sub>	1.25	2.2		dB	@ 1.25Gbps

**TABLE 6 COMPLIANCE SPECIFICATIONS**

CHARACTERISTIC	Standard	Condition	Notes
Mechanical Shock	MIL-STD-810	Para. 516.6, proc. I, 650g	0.9 ms operating
Mechanical Vibration	MIL-STD-810	Para. 514.6, 40g rms	Random, operating
ESD	MIL-STD-883		500V HBM
Flame Resistance	MIL-STD-1344	Method 1012, Cond. B	30 seconds
Damp Heat	MIL-STD-1344	Method 1002.2, Cond. B	10 cycles , 24 hours
Eye Safety	CDRH and IEC-825	Class 1 Laser Product	

**TABLE 7 MATERIAL/FINISH**

Item	Material/Finish
PCB	FR4
PCB flex	FR4 & Polyimide
Railings	Aluminum 6061-T6 per ASTM-B221/B211M or Equivalent
Screws	CRES Type, 302, 303, 304, 305, or 316
Optical Ferrules & Sleeves	Zirconia, Ceramic
Solder type	RoHS compliant Sn95/Sb5 (232°C melting temp) & RoHS compliant Sn96.5/Ag3.0/Cu0.5 (217° melting)

**FIGURE 1 - OUTLINE DRAWING CONTINUED (MARKING)**

**LABELING:**

Each unit will be shipped in an individual antistatic bag. The label on the antistatic bag shall in Arial size 10 black font and contain the following information:

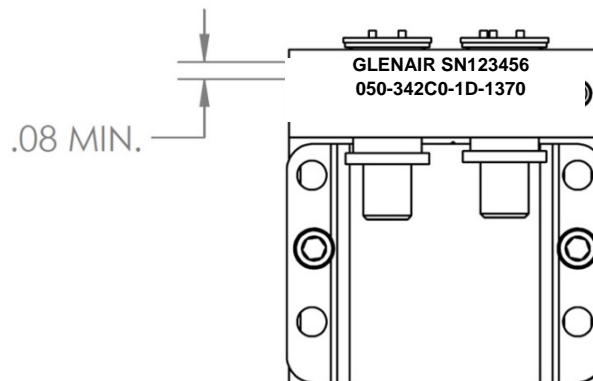
ANTISTATIC BAG LABEL:

Glenair  
Cage Code: 06324  
PN: 050-342XX-XX-XXXX  
Rev: X  
QTY: X  
J/N: X  
D/C: X  
S/N\*: XXXXXX  
\*If QTY is more than 1, there is no S/N

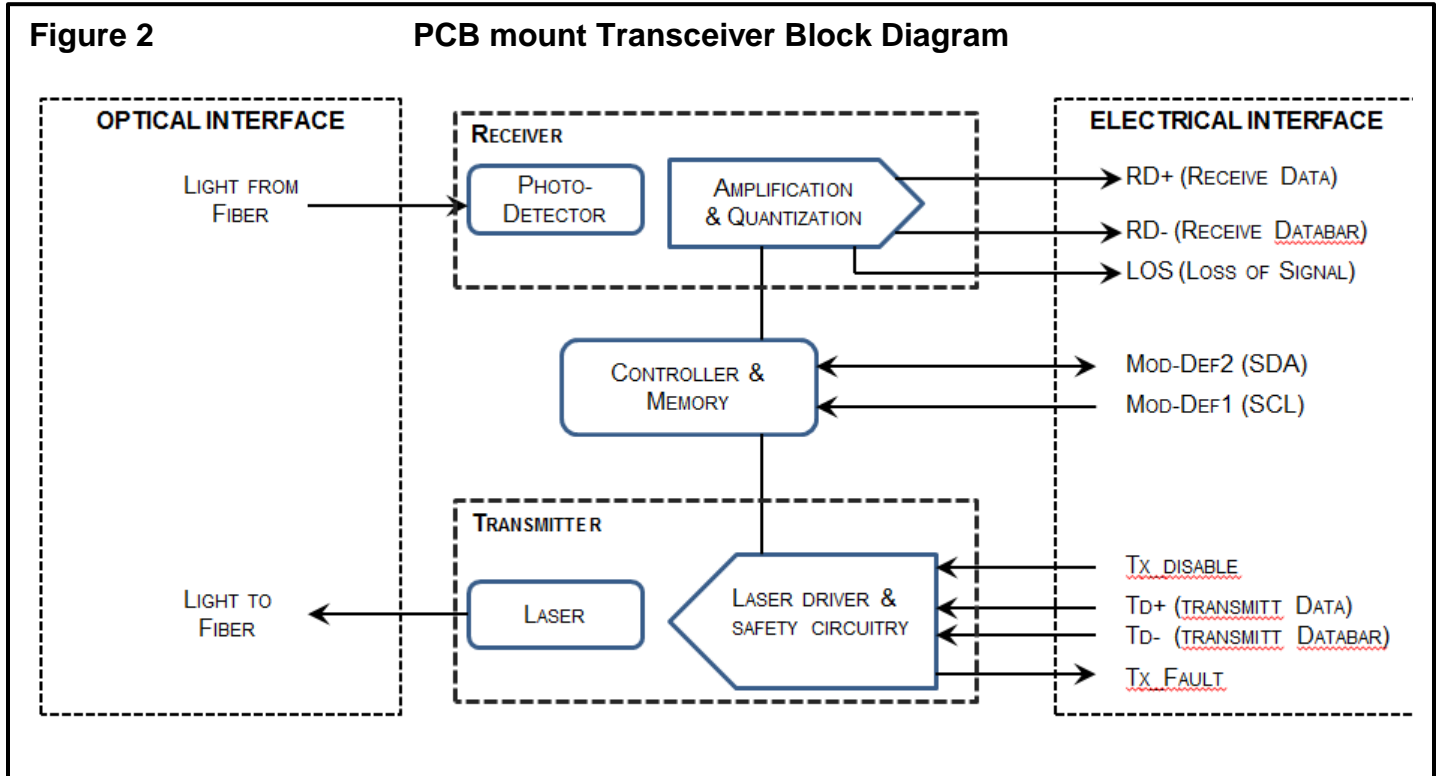
Each unit will be marked on the transceiver as follows. Either laser engraving or labeling may be used.

- Marking font to be Arial, greater than .08 inches in height.
- Marking:
  - FIRST LINE OF TEXT
    - Glenair
    - Serial Number (6 digits)
  - SECOND LINE OF TEXT:
    - Part number

Example



**FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**



**TRANSMITTER SECTION**

**Transmit Disable (Tx\_Disable)**

The transmitter section of the transceiver accepts a TTL and CMOS compatible transmit disable control signal input that shuts down the transmitter optical output. A high signal disables the transmitter while a low signal allows normal transceiver operation. Also laser is disabled when TX Disable is open. In the event of a fault (e.g. eye safety circuit activated), cycling this control signal resets the module. Host systems should allow a 10ms interval between successive assertions of this control signal.

**Transmit Fault (Tx\_Fault)**

A catastrophic laser fault will activate the transmitter signal, TX\_FAULT, and disable the laser. This signal is an open collector output (pull-up required on the host board). A low signal indicates normal laser operation and a high signal indicates a fault. The TX\_FAULT will be latched high when a laser fault occurs and is cleared by toggling the TX\_DISABLE input or cycling the power of the transceiver. The transmitter fault condition can also be monitored via the 2-wire serial interface (address A2, byte 110, bit 2).

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Eye Safety Circuit

The Transmitter section provides Class 1 eye safety by design and is compliant with US FDA CDRH AEL Class 1 and EN(IEC) 60825-1,2, EN60950 Class 1. The eye safety circuit continuously monitors optical output power levels and will disable the transmitter and assert a TX\_FAULT signal upon detecting an unsafe condition. Such unsafe conditions can be created by inputs from the host board (Vcc fluctuation, unbalanced code) or faults within the module.

**RECEIVER SECTION**

Receiver Loss of Signal (LOS)

The Loss Of Signal (LOS) output indicates an unusable optical input power level. The post-amplification IC includes transition detection circuitry which monitors the ac level of incoming optical signals and provides a TTL/CMOS compatible status signal to the host. A low LOS logic level indicates the presence of an optical input while a high LOS logic level indicates an unusable optical input. The LOS thresholds are factory-set so that a high output indicates a definite optical fault has occurred (e.g. failed transmitter, broken or disconnected fiber connection to the transceiver, etc.). The LOS can also be monitored via the 2-wire serial interface (address A2h, byte 110, bit 1).

**FUNCTIONAL I/O**

The PCB mount transceiver accepts industry standard differential signals such as LVPECL and CML within the scope of the SFP MSA. To simplify board requirements, transmitter bias resistors and ac coupling capacitors are incorporated, per SFF-8074i, and hence are not required on the host board. The module is AC-coupled and internally terminated.

Figure 3 illustrates a recommended interface circuit to link the PCB mount transceiver to the supporting Physical Layer integrated circuits.

The PCB mount transceiver interfaces with the host circuit board through twenty I/O pins identified by function in Table 8. The transceiver high speed transmit and receive interfaces requires SFP MSA compliant signal lines on the host board. The Tx\_Disable, Tx\_Fault, and Rx\_LOS lines require TTL lines on the host board (per SFF-8074i) if used. If an application chooses not to take advantage of the functionality of these pins, TX\_Disable need to be tied to GND, TX\_Fault and RX\_LOS do not need to be connected.

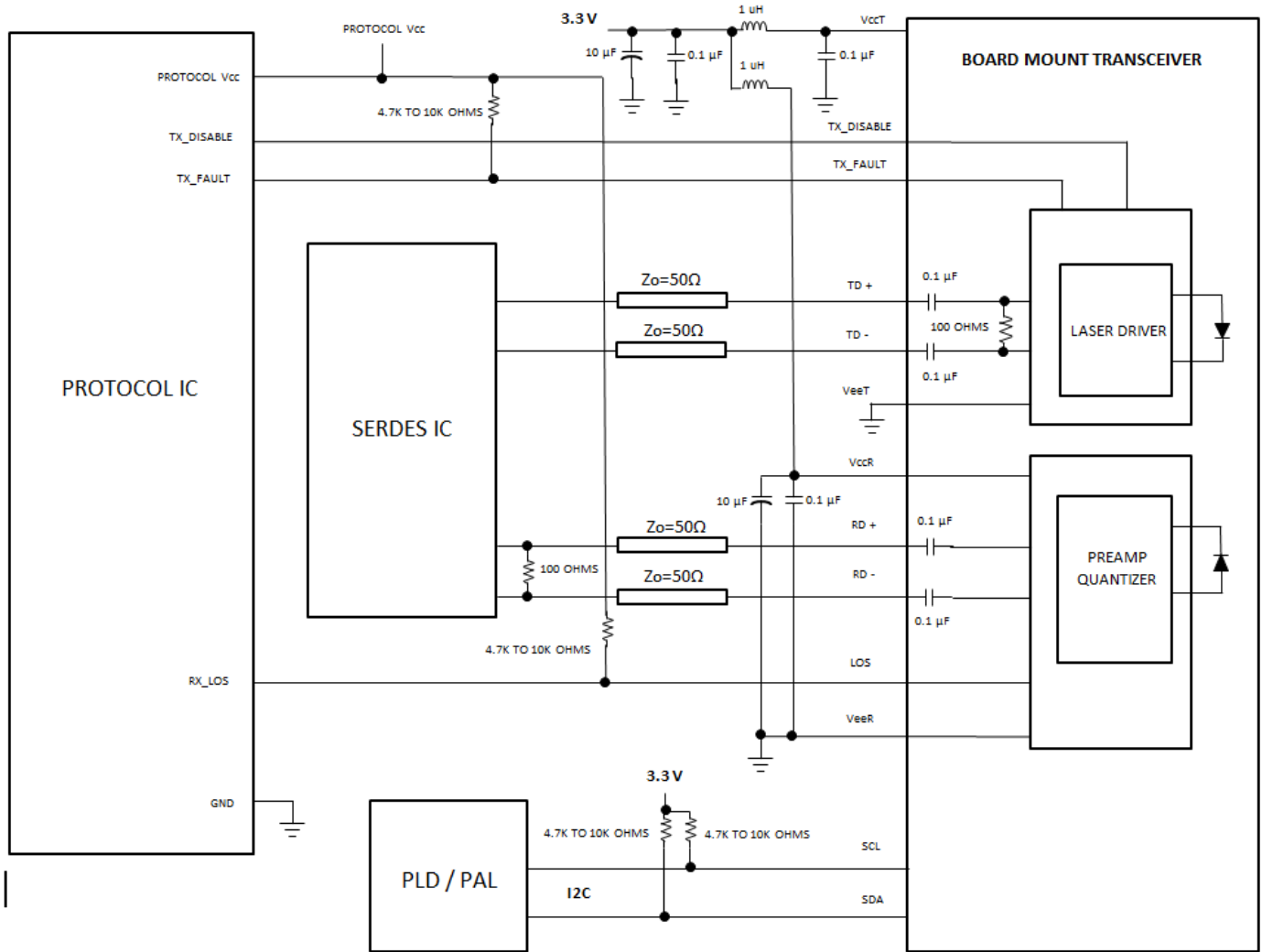
**Digital Diagnostic Interface and Serial Identification (EEPROM)**

The PCB mount transceiver is compatible with the SFF-8074i SFP specification and with SFF-8472, the SFP specification for Digital Diagnostic Monitoring Interface. Both specifications can be found at <http://www.sffcommittee.org>.

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FIGURE 3 RECOMMENDED PCB MOUNT TRANSCEIVER HOST BOARD SCHEMATIC



The PCB mount transceiver features EEPROM for Serial ID, which contains the product data stored for retrieval by host equipment. This data is accessed via the 2-wire serial EEPROM protocol in compliance with the industry standard SFP Multi-Source Agreement. The base EEPROM memory, bytes 0-255 at memory address 0xA0, is organized in compliance with SFF-8074i.

As an enhancement to the conventional SFP interface defined in SFF-8074i, the PCB mount Transceiver is compliant to SFF-8472 (digital diagnostic interface for optical transceivers). This new digital diagnostic information is stored in bytes 0-255 at memory address 0xA2. Using the 2-wire serial interface defined in the MSA, the PCB mount Transceiver provides real time temperature, supply voltage, laser bias current, laser average output power and received input power. These parameters are internally calibrated, per the SFF-8472 MSA. The digital diagnostic interface also adds the capability to monitor for Transmitter Faults (TX\_FAULT), and monitor for Receiver Loss of Signal (RX\_LOS). The diagnostic



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information provides the opportunity for Predictive Failure Identification, Compliance Prediction, Fault Isolation and Component Monitoring.

**Predictive Failure Identification**

The predictive failure feature allows a host to identify potential link problems before system performance is impacted. Prior identification of link problems enables a host to service an application via “fail over” to a redundant link or replace a suspect device, maintaining system uptime in the process. For applications where ultra-high system uptime is required, the PCB mount Transceiver provides a means to monitor two real-time laser metrics associated with observing laser degradation and predicting failure: average laser bias current (Tx\_Bias) and average laser optical power (Tx\_Power).

**Compliance Prediction**

Compliance prediction is the ability to determine if an optical transceiver is operating within its operating and environmental requirements. The PCB mount Transceiver provide real-time access to transceiver internal supply voltage and temperature, allowing a host to identify potential component compliance issues. Received optical power is also available to assess compliance of fiber cable plant and remote transmitter. When operating out of requirements, the link cannot guarantee error free transmission.

**Fault Isolation**

The fault isolation feature allows a host to quickly pinpoint the location of a link failure, minimizing downtime. For optical links, the ability to identify a fault at a local device, remote device or cable plant is crucial to speeding service of an installation. PCB mount Transceiver real-time monitors of Tx\_Bias, Tx\_Power, Vcc, Temperature and Rx\_Power can be used to assess local transceiver current operating conditions. In addition, status flag Rx Loss of Signal (LOS) is mirrored in memory and available via the two-wire serial interface.

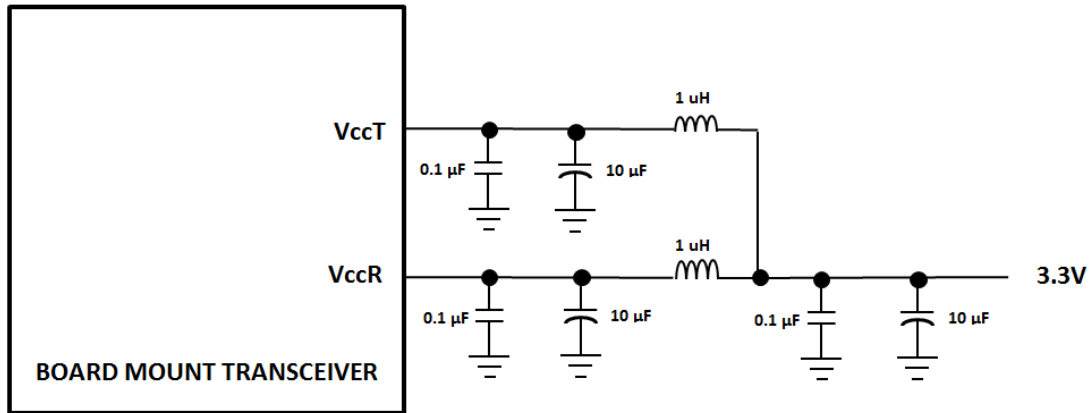
**Component Monitoring**

Component evaluation is another use of the PCB mount Transceiver real-time monitors of Tx\_Bias, Tx\_Power, Vcc, Temperature and Rx\_Power. Potential uses are as debugging aids for system installation and design, and transceiver parametric evaluation for factory or field qualification. For example, temperature per module can be observed in high density applications to facilitate thermal evaluation of systems that incorporate this PCB mount transceiver

**Required Host Board Components**

A power supply noise rejection filter as describe in SFP MSA is required on the host PCB to meet data sheet performance. This is filter incorporates an inductor which should be rated to 400 mADC and 1  $\Omega$  series resistance or better. It should not be replaced with a ferrite. The required filter is illustrated in Figure 4. Also, the host PCB for the PCB mount transceiver requires 4.7 K to 10 K $\Omega$  pull-up resistors for TX\_FAULT, LOS, SCA and SDL lines.

FIGURE 4 RECOMMENDED HOST BOARD POWER SUPPLY FILTERING CIRCUIT



### Fiber Compatibility

The transceiver is capable of transmission up to 10km with 9/125 μm fiber at 1.25Gbps data rate.

### Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

The Transceiver is compatible with ESD levels found in typical manufacturing and operating environments as described JEDEC EIA JESD22-A114, Class 1C (<2000Volts) HBM. Glenair recommends that devices are handled with ESD precautions to limit exposure to below 250V HBM.

There are two design cases in which immunity to ESD damage is important. The first case is during handling of the transceiver prior to insertion to the host board. To protect the transceiver, it's important to use standard industry ESD handling precautions. These precautions include using grounded wrist straps, work benches, and floor mats in ESD controlled areas. The ESD sensitivity of the Glenair PCB mount transceiver is compatible with typical industry production environments.

The second case to consider is static discharges to the exterior of the host equipment after installation, in which case the transceiver may be subject to system-level ESD requirements.

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**Application Support**

To assist in the transceiver design and evaluation process, Glenair offers the following aids:

- Evaluation board & Product Manual, part number 050-329, which facilitates in the testing of the PCB mount transceiver.
- 3D Step file to support modeling of mechanical fit and routing
- PADS schematic and PCB layout library files that can be exported into customer's PCB software design program
- Applications Aid Example of PCB layout including details of high speed transmission designs

**Customer Manufacturing Processes**

This module is mounted with screws and interfaces with a high-speed low cost surface mount electrical connector residing on the host PC board. The PCB mount transceiver is not designed for aqueous wash, IR reflow, or wave soldering processes and should be mounted on the host board after host PC board has been through its assembly process.

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**TABLE 9 TWO-WIRE INTERFACE ID: DATA FIELDS – ADDRESS A0h**

Byte Decimal	# Hex	Data Notes	Byte Decimal	# Hex	Data Notes
0	80	Glenair PCB mount Transceiver	37	00	Vendor OUI (NOT USED)
1	04	Serial ID Module Definition	38	00	Vendor OUI (NOT USED)
2	80	"GC" Fiber Optic Connector	39	00	Vendor OUI (NOT USED)
3	00		40	30	"0" Vendor Part Number ASCII Character (Note 5)
4	00		41	35	"5" Vendor Part Number ASCII Character (Note 5)
5	00		42	30	"0" Vendor Part Number ASCII Character (Note 5)
6	00		43	2D	"." Vendor Part Number ASCII Character (Note 5)
7	00		44	33	"3" Vendor Part Number ASCII Character (Note 5)
8	00		45	34	"4" Vendor Part Number ASCII Character (Note 5)
9	00		46	32	"2" Vendor Part Number ASCII Character (Note 5)
10	00		47	43	"C" Vendor Part Number ASCII Character (Note 5)
11	01	Compatible with 8B/10B encoded data	48	30	"0" Vendor Part Number ASCII Character (Note 5)
12	32	BR, 5Gbps	49	2D	"." Vendor Part Number ASCII Character (Note 5)
13	00		50	31	"1" Vendor Part Number ASCII Character (Note 5)
14	00		51	44	"D" Vendor Part Number ASCII Character (Note 5)
15	64	9/125 μm Fiber, 10km @ 1.25Gbps	52	2D	"." Vendor Part Number ASCII Character (Note 5)
16	00		53	31	"1" Vendor Part Number ASCII Character (Note 5)
17	00		54	32	"2" Vendor Part Number ASCII Character (Note 5)
18	00		55	37	"7" Vendor Part Number ASCII Character (Note 5)
19	00		56	20	" " Vendor REV Level ASCII Character (Note 5)
20	47	"G" Vendor NAME ASCII Character	57	20	" " Vendor REV Level ASCII Character (Note 5)
21	4C	"L" Vendor NAME ASCII Character	58	20	" " Vendor REV Level ASCII Character (Note 5)
22	45	"E" Vendor NAME ASCII Character	59	20	" " Vendor REV Level ASCII Character (Note 5)
23	4E	"N" Vendor NAME ASCII Character	60	04	Hex Byte of Laser Wavelength (Note 6)
24	41	"A" Vendor NAME ASCII Character	61	F6	Hex Byte of Laser Wavelength (Note 6)
25	49	"I" Vendor NAME ASCII Character	62		RESERVED
26	52	"R" Vendor NAME ASCII Character	63		Check sum code for ID fields 0-62 (Note 7)
27	20	" " Vendor NAME ASCII Character	64	00	
28	20	" " Vendor NAME ASCII Character	65	1A	Hardware TX_Disable, TX_Fault, & LOS
29	20	" " Vendor NAME ASCII Character	66	00	
30	20	" " Vendor NAME ASCII Character	67	00	
31	20	" " Vendor NAME ASCII Character	68-83		Serial Number, ASCII (Note 8)
32	20	" " Vendor NAME ASCII Character	84-91		Date Code (Note 9)
33	20	" " Vendor NAME ASCII Character	92	68	Diagnostic Monitoring Type
34	20	" " Vendor NAME ASCII Character	93	B0	Enhanced Options
35	20	" " Vendor NAME ASCII Character	94	05	SFF-8472 rev 11.0
36	00		95		Checksum for bytes 64-94 (Note 7)
			96-255	00	

Notes:

1. RESERVED.
2. RESERVED
3. RESERVED
4. RESERVED.
5. Table 1, Part number options/extensions. Temperature Screw Length Mod Codes, and the last "0" of the wavelength will not be added onto Digital Memory ID.
6. Laser wavelength is represented in 16 unsigned bits. The hex representation of 1310 nm is 051E. The hex representation of 850nm is 0352.
7. Addresses 63 and 95 are checksums calculated per SFF-8472 and SFF-8074, and stored prior to product shipment.
8. Addresses 68-83 specify the module's ASCII serial number and will vary by unit.
9. Addresses 84-91 specify the module's ASCII date code and will vary according to manufactured date-code.

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**Table 10 Two-Wire interface ID: Data Fields – Address A2h is standard – other options available, see part number development**

Byte # Decimal	Data Notes	Byte # Decimal	Data Notes	Byte # Decimal	Data Notes
0	Temp H Alarm MSB (Note 1)	26	TX Pwr L Alarm MSB (Note 4)	104	Rx Pavg MSB (Note 5)
1	Temp H Alarm LSB (Note 1)	27	TX Pwr L Alarm LSB (Note 4)	105	Rx Pavg LSB (Note 5)
2	Temp L Alarm MSB (Note 1)	28	TX Pwr H Warning MSB (Note 4)	106	Reserved
3	Temp L Alarm LSB (Note 1)	29	TX Pwr H Warning LSB (Note 4)	107	Reserved
4	Temp H Warning MSB (Note 1)	30	TX Pwr L Warning MSB (Note 4)	108	Reserved
5	Temp H Warning LSB (Note 1)	31	TX Pwr L Warning LSB (Note 4)	109	Reserved
6	Temp L Warning MSB (Note 1)	32	RX Pwr H Alarm MSB (Note 5)	110	Status/Control
7	Temp L Warning LSB (Note 1)	33	RX Pwr H Alarm LSB (Note 5)	111	Reserved
8	Vcc H Alarm MSB (Note 2)	34	RX Pwr L Alarm MSB (Note 5)	112	Flag Bits
9	Vcc H Alarm LSB (Note 2)	35	RX Pwr L Alarm LSB (Note 5)	113	Flag Bits
10	Vcc L Alarm MSB (Note 2)	36	RX Pwr H Warning MSB (Note 5)	114	Reserved
11	Vcc L Alarm LSB (Note 2)	37	RX Pwr H Warning LSB (Note 5)	115	Reserved
12	Vcc H Warning MSB (Note 2)	38	RX Pwr L Warning MSB (Note 5)	116	Flag Bits
13	Vcc H Warning LSB (Note 2)	39	RX Pwr L Warning LSB (Note 5)	117	Flag Bits
14	Vcc L Warning MSB (Note 2)	40-45	Reserved	118	Reserved
15	Vcc L Warning LSB (Note 2)	56-94	External Cal Constants (Note 4)	119	Reserved
16	Tx Bias H Alarm MSB (Note 3)	95	Checksum for bytes 0-94	120-122	Reserved
17	Tx Bias H Alarm LSB (Note 3)	96	Temperature MSB (Note 1)	123	Reserved
18	Tx Bias L Alarm MSB (Note 3)	97	Temperature LSB (Note 1)	124	Reserved
19	Tx Bias L Alarm LSB (Note 3)	98	Vcc MSB (Note 2)	125	Reserved
20	Tx Bias H Warning MSB (Note 3)	99	Vcc LSB (Note 2)	126	Reserved
21	Tx Bias H Warning LSB (Note 3)	100	TX Bias MSB (Note 3)	127	Reserved (Note 8)
22	Tx Bias L Warning MSB (Note 3)	101	TX Bias LSB (Note 3)	128-247	Customer Writable (Note 9)
23	Tx Bias L Warning LSB (Note 3)	102	TX Power MSB (Note 4)	248-255	Vendor Specific
24	TX Pwr H Alarm MSB (Note 4)	103	TX Power LSB (Note 4)		
25	TX Pwr H Alarm LSB (Note 4)				

Notes:

1. Temperature (Temp) is decoded as a 16 bit signed twos complement integer in increments of 1/256 °C.
2. Supply voltage (VCC) is decoded as a 16 bit unsigned integer in increments of 100 µV.
3. Laser bias current (Tx Bias) is decoded as a 16 bit unsigned integer in increments of 2 µA.
4. Transmitted average optical power (Tx Pwr) is decoded as a 16 bit unsigned integer in increments of 0.1 µW.
5. Received average optical power (Rx Pwr) is decoded as a 16 bit unsigned integer in increments of 0.1 µW.
6. Bytes 55-94 are not intended from use but have been set to default values per SFF-8472.
7. Bytes 95 is a checksum calculated (per SFF-8472) and stored prior to product shipment.
8. Byte 127 accepts a write but performs no action (reserved legacy byte).
9. Bytes 128-247 are write enabled (customer writable).

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**TABLE 11      TRANSCEIVER DIGITAL DIAGNOSTIC MONITOR CHARACTERISTICS (WHEN APPLICABLE)**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	UNITS	NOTES
Transceiver Internal Temperature Accuracy	TINT	±3.0	°C	Temperature is measured internal to the transceiver and is valid from -40°C to +85 °C case temperature
Transceiver internal Supply Voltage accuracy	VINT	±0.1	V	Supply voltage is measured internal to the transceiver and can, with less accuracy, be correlated to the voltage at the Vcc pin. Valid over 3.3V ±5%
Transmitter Laser DC Bias Current Accuracy	IINT	±10	%	
Transmitted Average Optical Output Power Accuracy	PT	±3.0	dB	Coupled into 50/125 mm MM fiber. Valid from -1dBm to -10dBm
Received Average Optical Input Power Accuracy	PR	±3.0	dB	Coupled from 50/125 mm MM fiber Valid from -24 dBm to - 1 dBm

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**ACCESSORIES**

**Fiber Optic Jumper Cables to support connection to Mil/Aerospace Connectors**

KEY FEATURES:

- Jumper cable between Glenair Transceiver (end A) and Mil/Aero Connector termini (End B)
- Offered with either Multimode and Single Mode fibers

**FIGURE 5**  
Fiber Optic Jumper Cable Assembly (see separate Glenair sales drawing FA02454 for details)



**PCB Threaded Inserts, PN 059-0007**

KEY FEATURES

- Simplifies installation of PCB mount transceivers eliminating the need for washers and nuts
- Soldered to PCB to eliminate need for handling nuts during assembly
- Existing Options to support PCB thickness from 0.03" to 0.92"
- Can support thicker PCB if required

**EVALUATION Boards, PN 050-329, include**

- MANUAL with test block diagram, schematic and Evaluation board PCBA
- Multiple types of PCB mount Transceiver modules supported by this evaluation board
- 2 fiber optic cables (P/N: FA03216, 1m, 9 μm/125 μm, GC connector to LC connector)
- 4 Mounting Screws (#0-80 x 3/16 SHCS)

